

## Procedure

1. Each group of 3 will get 1 small bag of plain M&M's and 1 small bag of peanut M&M's.

2. Count the number of Plain M&M's in your bag and record this number in the data table below. Repeat this step for the Peanut M&M's.

3. Using a piece of clean paper towel as a weighing boat, measure the total mass of your plain M&M's and record this number in the data table. Repeat this step for the Peanut M&M's. \*\*\*REMEMBER to ZERO out the paper towel!

| DATA TABLE:                    | Number of M&M's | Mass of M&M's |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Isotope #1 - Plain M&M's       | 20              | 17.11         |
| Isotope #2 - Peanut M&M's      | 5               | 13.69         |
| Total Number of all your M&M's |                 |               |

Calculate the average mass of each isotope using the formula to the right.

Total Mass # of M&M's Average Mass =

| Isotope #1 – Plain M&M                  | Isotope #2 – Peanut M&M                 |  |
|---|---|--|
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
| <b>10.</b> Average mass of Isotope #1 = | <b>11.</b> Average mass of Isotope #2 = |  |

| Calculate the percent abundance of each<br>isotope. Of all the M&M's you have, what %<br>of them are plain and what % are peanut? | % abundance = $\frac{\# of \ each \ type \ of \ M\&M}{TOTAL \ \# \ of \ all \ M\&M's} \ x \ 100$ |  |
|---|--|--|
| Isotope #1 – Plain M&M  | Isotope #2 – Peanut M&M  |  |
|   |  |  |
| <b>12.</b> % abundance of Isotope #1 =  | <b>13.</b> % abundance of Isotope #2 =   |  |

14. Calculate the average "atomic mass" of your M&M's.

## Average Atomic Mass = $\frac{(mass of isotope 1)(\% abundance) + (mass of isotope 2)(\% abundance) ...}{(mass of isotope 2)(\% abundance)}$

100

Average Atomic Mass =

**Conclusion Questions** 

15. Is your average "atomic mass" close to or the same as students in other groups?

16. Would using king size bags of M&M's make a difference to the average "atomic mass"? Why or why not?

17. How do Hydrogen-1, Hydrogen-2, and Hydrogen-3 differ from each other?

| 18. Sulfur has 4 isotopes: sulfur-32 is 95.0%, sulfur-33 is | .76%, sulfur-34 is 3.22%, and sulfur-36 is 0.89% abundant. |
|---|--|
| Calculate its average atomic mass.                          |  |

Average Atomic Mass =